• VOCABULARY •

1. Match the figures (1-7) with the numbers (a-g). (1 point each)
   - 1. two hundred and forty-eight million
   - 2. nine hundred and twenty
   - 3. thirty-five million
   - 4. six hundred and twenty thousand
   - 5. two hundred and fifty billion
   - 6. seventy
   - 7. eight million

   - a. 250,000,000,000
   - b. 70
   - c. 920
   - d. 35,000,000
   - e. 620,000
   - f. 248,000,000
   - g. 8,000,000

2. Write the adjectives in the box next to the nouns. (1 point each)

   high far old big heavy deep long wide

   1. length ______ long 5. height ______
   2. depth ______ 6. age ______
   3. width ______ 7. size ______
   4. distance ______ 8. weight ______

3. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. (1 point each)

   centimeters square meters light years
   kilometers kilograms milliliters

   1. His small farm is about 5,000 ______ square meters ______.
   2. How many ______ will it take to travel from the Milky Way to the nearest galaxy?
   3. The beautiful white beach stretched for three ______.
   4. I’ve lost two ______ since I went on a diet.

   5. That piece of wood is two ______ thick.
   6. How many ______ can this glass hold?

• GRAMMAR •

4. Complete the questions with the adjectives from Exercise 2. (1 point each)

   1. How ______ is that sack of coffee beans over there?
   2. How ______ is Mount Fuji?
   3. How ______ is it from here to Portland?
   4. How ______ is that end of the pool?
   5. How ______ is your younger brother?
   6. How ______ is her hair now that she has let it grow?

5. Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives. (1 point each)

   1. She is the ______ (intelligent) person in her family.
   2. Herbie’s house is ______ (close) to the school than mine.
   3. Cerissa thinks science is ______ (interesting) than history.
   4. What is the ______ (expensive) thing you’ve ever bought?
   5. Jupiter is much ______ (big) than Earth.
   6. New York is the ______ (far) place I’ve traveled to.
   7. Pick the ______ (long) piece of wood in the pile.

6. Write sentences using the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives. Use the cues. (3 points each)

   1. Lisa / tall / girl / in class
   Lisa’s the tallest girl in class.

   2. He / handsome / man / she has ever met.
Unit Test 8

• LEVEL 1

3. The Amazon River / long / the Mississippi River

4. Living in the city / stressful / living in the country

5. This pear / sweet / that orange

•COMMUNICATION•

8 Write the missing lines (a-e) to complete the dialogue (1-5). (1 point each)

A: What English project are you going to do?
B: 1 (d) I don’t know. I haven’t decided yet.
A: Why don’t we do something together?
B: 2 __________________________
A: What about doing something on Shakespeare?
B: 3 __________________________
A: Well, I know he wrote Romeo and Juliet.
B: 4 __________________________
A: Oh yeah? What’s your idea then?
B: 5 __________________________
A: OK. That might be easier than Shakespeare.

a. OK.
b. What do you know about him?
c. Let’s do something on English pop music.
d. I don’t know. I haven’t decided yet.
e. Hey, I’ve got a better idea.

•READING•

7 Read the text and complete the sentences. (1 point each)

Comets
A comet is a small, icy body that orbits around the sun. It is made of a nucleus, a gaseous coma, and a long tail.

The nucleus is the frozen center of a comet’s head. It is composed of ice, gas, and dust. The nucleus is very small — about 1 to 10 kilometers wide. The coma is the gas around the nucleus of a comet. It is about a million kilometers wide. The coma is comprised of water vapor, carbon dioxide gas, dust, and neutral gases. The coma and the nucleus form the head of a comet. The tail is made of charged gases called ions. The ion tail can be more than 100 million kilometers long.

The speed of a comet increases as it nears the sun and decreases when it is far from the sun. When the comet is far from the sun, it is invisible.

1. The three components of a comet are the nucleus, a gaseous coma, and a long tail.
2. The nucleus is made of ________ ________ ________.
3. The coma is ________ ________ wide.
4. The coma is made of ________ ________ ________.
5. The tail is made of charged gases called ________ ________ ________.
6. The tail is ________ ________ long.